THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1877.

VOL XXXVI.--NUMBER 184

CLOSING BATES Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpoo cotton, 6 1-8d. Memphis cotton, 11c. New Orleans cotton, 11 1-8c. New York cotton 11 7-8c. New York gold, 105 1-2.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CB. Stc. OFFICER, WASHINGTON, August 4, 1 a.m. For Tennessee and the Ohio valley rising, followed by falling barometer, northeast to southeast winds, warmer clear weather

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY. WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMT, FRIDAY, August 3, 1877, 10:08 p.m.

Bur. Ther. Dir. | Force. | Weath W. M. M'ELROY, Sergeant.

FIRES.

Pelatring's Cigar-Box Factory, Cincinuntil Burned-Six Lives Lost-Several Persons Badly Wounded-Destructive Configuration at Elgin, Illinois.

Six Million Feet of Lumber and Right Phousand Barrels of Salt Consumed at Sagin', w-Harmony Hall, Jef-Forson City, Destroyed.

CINCINNATI, August 3.—Pelstring's cigar-box factory, corner of Eighth and Broadway, was borned this morning. Twenty-two girls were working in the upper stories. It is re-ported that four of them perished in the flames. The fire originated in the cellar. An attempt was made to extinguish it without the sud of the fire department, but it was un-successful. After reaching the first floor the flames spead with fearful rapidity, and in a short time had reached the roof. The em-ployes, mostly girls, were at work in the third and fourth stories. Some escaped through ployes, mostly girls, were at work in the third and fourth stories. Some escaped through windows upon the roofs of other buildings, but it is feared that eight or ten perished in the flames. At this writing but four bodies have been recovered, which are so disfigured that it was an hour before any of them could be identified. Bits of clothing still remaining led to the identification. Mary Murrett, twenty years old; Mena Kube, fourteen years of are: Frank Studger twenty years of ies have been recovered, which are so distigured that it was an hour before any of them could be identified. Bits of clothing still remaining led to the identification. Mary Murret, twenty years old; Mena Kube, fourteen years of age; Frank Studger twenty years of age, and Anna Patger have been recognized. John Blanchard, the engineer of the factory, dued soon after from injuries received. Two girls and one man, Isaac Scolfield, are so badly burned that they will probably die. From the factory the fire spread to six frame and one brick dwelling, which will prove total losses. The amount of loss on the factory is not yet estimated. The insurance, so far a royal order has been issued nominating as known is in the Guarantee of New York. as known, is in the Guarantee, of New York,

A royal order has been issued nominating ish America of Canada, Bangor of Bangor, Maine, Toledo Marine, Buffalo of Buffalo, Atlantic underwriters of Philadelphia, Merid-ian and Jefferson, of St. Louis, \$1000 each; Citizens and Germania, of Newark, New Jer-

The loss on Pelstring's eigar-box factory, which burned this merning, is estimated at sixty thousand dollars, but the amount of insurance cannot be fully obtained. Only one additional person to those given this morning is known to be among the lost—Henry Maag, aged sixteen years. Thos, Wheatley's porkhouse, adjoining, was damaged about one thousand dollars; fully insured.

A fire this afternoon damaged John Sny-

Pittsburg, August 3.—An accident oc-curred at the Lucy furnace company's works this morning, which resulted in the death of two men and injuring of five others. Seven men were engaged in lining the furnace, and were on a scaffold, which was supported by ropes. The ropes took fire from the furnace and the scaffold fell, precipitating the men into the furnace. Julius Hardin and Michael Cusick were taken out dead, and the five others were so badly burned that they are not thers were so badly burned that they are not

CHICAGO, August 3.—The schooner Grace Shannon, owned by Alexander A. Gra-am, of Chicago, which left Buffalo with six

The Cerro de Pasco Mines. PANAMA, August 3.-Henry Meiggs, of Lima, the great contractor, has made a proposition to the Fernisian government to either issue on their own account, or to allow him to issues fifteen million dollars in paper mon-cy, in payment of that amount of bonds held by him, to relieve his present necessities and ble him to prosecute the work of opening the Cerro de Pasco mines.

Charges against Architect Clarke.

Washington, August 2.—Charges have been presented against Edward Clarke, architect, alleging that he received two salaries—one as architect and the other as superintendent of the Soldiers home; also, that he kept a horse, driver and landaulet at the public expense for the use of his family, and that he was extravagant in expenditures, and a generally incompetent.

Nikopolis, has been called up to the line of the O-ma river. An aid-de camp of Grand Duke Nicholas was present at the battle, and at once started for Tirnova with the evil tidings. We are just quitting this bivouac and falling back on Bulgareni with all speed, leaving the Bulgarian villages to the tender mercies of the Turks. As I close I learn that on our left General Scobeloff was very severely handled, having lost three hundred men out of his ringle infantry battalion.

The Standard publishes the following in an 5: A Victoria dispatch says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation patch says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the victoria, and first governor of that colony, died suddenly last night.

Evansville, Ind., August 3: Base-ball—Bostons, and killed himself, to-day, while in a drunk-den fit. He was forty-two years of age.

Pittsburg, August 3: A Victoria dispatch says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Douglass, the foundation of the says that Sir James Dou

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Greek Government on the Russian Massacres-The Russians before Erzeroum-Reinforcements for the Army of the

Rumpus among the Irish Home-Rulers Butt to be Thrown Overboard-A Graphic Account of the Battle of Plevna-Slaughter of Russians.

VIENNA, August 3.—A political correspondent states that Sweden, in view of the political situation, contemplates some military

Berlin.

Ber

Enzeroum.

Enzeroum.

Enzeroum.

August 3.—The Russian center, reinforced by fourteen battalions of infantry and three field batteries, has resumed the offensive. There has been continuous fighting on the advanced line before Kars. General Terjukassoff has also been reinforced by five battalions of infantry, one battery, and a regiment of dragoons. The Russian right is marching on Penek. is marching on Penek.

menders of the various brigades, regiments and batellions.

**stroyed. The entire loss is estimated at \$800,000, with insurance for \$85,000. Two hundred and fifty men, some of them with large families, were thrown out of employment by the destruction of this establishment. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

**St. Louis, August 3.—The Harmonie hall building, in Jefferson City—the upper story being occupied by the Harmonie club, and the lower story by Stamphl & Kerges as a iurniture store—was totally destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. Loss about twenty thousand dollars; insurance seven thousand dollars.

Sureide.

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**St. Louis, August 3.—The Harmonie hall building, in Jefferson City—the upper story being occupied by the Harmonie club, and the listen to the scream of the shell as it tore by us. The sound of rifle-bullets was incessant, and the escort and retreat in low come. The Turks had our range before dark, and we could watch the flash of the flame up of men to the stant to the valley of Death below; were there indeed any at all to come. The Turks had our range before dark, and we could watch the flash of the Stamphlet of the Stamphlet of Death below; were there indeed any at all to come. The Turks had our range before dark, and we could watch the flash of the Stamphlet of Death below; were there indeed any at all to come. The Turks had our range before dark, and we could watch the flash of the flash

New York, August 3.—John Francis Murphy, a well-known sporting and turf man, committed suicide this morning in a gambling house at No. 13 West Twenty-eighth street, by blowing his brains out. The cause of the suicide is variously attributed to losses at fare, losses in business, and the inevitable woman.

On the body of Mr. Murphy were found a number of letters, one of which stated that if he ever found himself driven to the wall he should commit suicide, as he did not care to live under such circumstances. Another should commit suicide, as he did not care to live under such circumstances. Another stated that his mother lived in Elgin, Illinois, and he (Murphy) was recently from San Francisco, that he had two thousand three hundred dollars on deposit in the Odd-Fellows bank, San Francisco, and owned some property in the town of Holuster, all of which he bequeathed to his mother in case of his death. His will, the letter stated, was deposited with the National Gold bank and Trust company of San Francisco.

Accidental Death of Two and Injury of Five Persons.

Pittshurg, August 3.—An accident occurred at the Lucy furnace company's works this morning, which resulted in the death of two men and injuring of five others. Seven men were engaged in lining the furnace, and

This takes no account of General Krudener's losses. We, too, shall retire on the Osma river, about Bulgareni, and, to the best of our weak strength, cover the bridge at Sistova. One cannot, in this moment of hurried confusion, realize all the possible results of this stroke so rashly courted. Not a Russian soldier stands between Tirnova and the victorious Turks in Lorra and Plevna, and only a weak division of the eleventh corps stands between Tirnova and Shumla. The army look on Schkokoyski's force as wrecked and no longer for this campaign to be counted on A. Shannon, owned by Alexander A. Graham, of Chicago, which left Buffalo with six tons coals consigned to Helstrom, of this city, was run into early this morning by the propeller Favorite, between Milwaukee and Racine. The Shannon went down instantly. All the hands, excepting a seven year old son of Mr. Graham, were saved. Loss, twenty-two thousand dollars; insurance, twelve thousand dellars.

Ilook on Schkokoyski's force as wrecked and no longer for this campaign to be counted on as fighting material. It is not ten days since the thirtieth division crossed the Danube in the pride of its superb condition. Now, what of it is left is demoralized and shattered. So on this side of the Balkans there remains but the ninth corps, already roughly handled, once at Nikopolis and once at Plevna; one division of the eleventh corps, and the Rust-thuk army is Now, if the Rustchuk army is marched to the west against Plevan, then the Turkish army of Rustchuk is let loose on the Russian communications to Tirnova. One cannot avoid the conclusion that the advance

over the Balkans is seriously compromised. The Russian strait is so bad that scattered detachments have been called up from out of Roumania, and a Roucalled up manian division, commanded by General Mauna, which crossed a day or two ago at Nikopolis, has been called up to the line of the

official form: "Sir Michael Hicks Beach will, we understand, become first lord of the ad-miralty. Hon. Mr. Plunkett, present solici-tor-general for Ireland, will succeed Sir Michael as chief secretary for Ireland." A Biela dispatch says the Bashi-Bazouks

ish force.

Kazanlik is to be abandoned.

General Gourko is to be recalled, and General Minsky is to be summoned hither from Grahova. Everything on the other side of the Balkans will, in fact, be relinquished, except the actual record.

cept the actual pass.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says that in ad-A St. Petersburg dispatch says that in addition to the reserves which, since the commencement of the war, have been continually sent southward, the whole of the Imperial guard has been ordered to prepare and proceed to Bulgaria. The first detachment will start in a few days.

A Constantinopic special reports that Rediff Pasha has been suddenly taken ill. His physicians think he will not live a week. The suddenness of his illness is the cause of various rumors.

political situation, contemplates some military preparations.

Bukarest.

Buk BELGRADE, August 3.—Prince Milan has ordered out three thousand militia to act as a frontier guard, and further empowered the minister of war to make the necessary purchases to bring the supply of war material to its full complement.

BERLIN, August 3.—The Russian minister of war directs that army corps not yet mobilized to furnish a division each to the fighting ized to furnish a division each to the fighting its discovery and mostly without arms. without cohesion and mostly without arms. At a narrow bridge near Bulgareni there was wild confusion and complete. Tumbrils, ambulance wagons, provision wagons, officers, calesches, horses and carts, were filled with the wounded; all were jammed in indiscriminate chaos. There had been wounded found all along the road, but the been wounded found all along the road, but the bulk of the wounded began a little way beyond Bulgareni, and extended in an unbroken line for seven miles along the road to Sistova. They were mostly carried in ox-carts, the severe cases in ambulances, and a large number tramped on foot. Immense numbers of wounded had tramped the whole way from the battle-field, and were already entering Sistova at six o'clock vester-

already entering Sistova at six o'clock yester-day evening. They must have walked forty miles in twenty-fours, wounded as they were. Nearly all of these wounded, however, consisted of men who had somethow managed to walk out of, the battle; bad cases were mostly left where they fell.

A correspondent at Varna telegraphs, unmenders of the various brigades, regiments and batellions.

London.

London

As a correspondent sends from Poredin, near party is called consider future action in regard to obstitute considers of the Russians before Plevans, According to the future action in regard to obstitute considers future action in regard to obstitute constitution and the same account of another future action in regard to obstitute and the account of the stabilistic of the future action in regard to obstitute and the account of the stabilistic of the future action in regard to obstitute and the account of the stabilistic of the future action in regard to obstitute and the future action in regard to obstitute and the future action in regard to obstitute and in the future action. The future action in regard senate, and I am the Goldsmith to whom reterence is made by Hon. J. W. Nesmith, United States Marshal Waters and J. M. Johnson, in their testimony before the committee, as having furnished or used money to influence or procure the election of said Grover to the United States senate; and I further that that I was in Salem Oregon during the state that I was in Salem, Oregon, during the session at which the election of United States session at which the election of United States senator was pending, on the day said election took place; and I, on oath, declare that I have not furnished or used any money, either directly or indirectly, to influence the vote of any member of the legislature, either for caucus nomination or for voting for United States senator in joint session; and I further declare that in a conversation wit said Grover prior to his election versation wit said Grover prior to his election he told me that he had no money to spend for his election, and that he did not wish any

of his friends to use any for him, and that I have no other motive in making this declaration than that justice may be done.

DAYTON, O., August 2.—In a quarrel that occurred near the Soldiers' Home, this morning, John F. Byrne was struck in the head with a stone by George Ewing. The blow fractured the skull, and Byrne died from the effects in a few hours. He was thirty-five years of age, and has relatives living in Newark, New Jersey. Ewing was arrested, and is now in jail.

Mysterious Death.

BALTIMORE, August 3.—S. S. Prigg Bell, cashier of the Franklin bank, was found dead yesterday in the woods attached to his country residence, twelve miles from this city. He had left his house in the morning for a hunt. The multiplication of poison germs in dis-eases of the blood is exceedingly rapid, and if unchecked vitiates all the blood of the body. Dr. Bull's blood mixture, by its peculiar in-

fluence, kills these germs, and purifying the blood, removes all possible chance of disease establishing itself.

A Fully Developed Scoundrel. COLUMBUS, O., August 3.—W. H. Bur-nett, a salesman of the Howe sewing-machine company, has disappeared with a horse and buggy belonging to a livery firm, leaving be-hind evidence warranting his conviction as a forger, if captured. It appears that he forged

leaving.

WASHINGTON. .

Kational Bank Dividends-Redemption of have appeared near Sistova. They are thought, however, to be a mere detachment. No indications of the presence of any Turk-Five-Twenties-The Cabinet Discuss the Indictment of Certain Mormon Leaders with the Mountain Meadows Massacre.

> Nice Plan by a Sewing-Machine Agent to Swindle the Government-Pine Land Depredations-The Louisiana Case -Our New Minister to Brazil an Old Alabama Friend.

muesty for Alabama—The Texas Pacific Railroad-A Canard about the Speakership-Probable Junction Between Sitting-Bull and Old Joe-A General Indian War Possible.

ing to appointments in the Territories.

An important decision has been made by the attorney-general, and acted on by the President, holding that recommendations for office, however they may be on file in the department, are not a matter of record there, Cases were mostly left where they fell.

A Bukarest correspondent telegraphs from the Dobrudscha as follows: "We learn that the Egyptian troops are reported to have advanced to Beimrede, between Bazardjik and Medjidjie, and to be threatening General Zimmerman's corps. This movement is meant to protect the rear of Mehemet Ali, who is near Rasgad."

The attorney-general, and acted on by the President, holding that recommendations for office, however they may be on file in the department, are not a matter of record there, and cannot be inspected except by those personally interested, nor can copies be furnished upon application for use as evidence in the trial of causes to which private citizens are parties, and much less for publication.

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The Attorney-general, and acted on by the Democrat, who was re-elected by a majority of 8012 in a total vote of 19,582.

New Orisans Picayme.]

Wäshington, August 1.—The question of extending amnesty, upon certain conditions, to parties engaged in violations of the revenue laws in certain southern States, is held under a commendations.

The Attorney-general, and acted on by the commendations of the recommendations of the president of the department, are not a matter of record there, and cannot be inspected except by those personal private citizens are parties, and matter of record there, and acted on by the second of the president of the president of the president of the providence of the prov parties, and much less for publication. Ex-Detective Bell, who was arrested last night on the requisition of the governor of Texas, charged with murder, was released by Judge Humphries, of the district supreme

INGENUITY OF THE SEWING-MACHINE

AGENT. Chicago Tribune.] Washington, August 1.—Postmasters have been subjected to a new temptation by a circular from an enterprising sewing-machine agent at Little Rock, Arkansas. S. B. Kirby, of that place, has sent a confidential printed circular to a great many postmasters, in which claiming the confidence of the confid printed circular to a great many postmasters, in which, claiming to be an agent of the Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine company, he offers to trade sewing-machines to postmasters for postage-stamps. In doing this, he takes advantage of the clause in the post-office law which allows minor postmasters, where salaries do not exceed a certain limit. to receive sixty per cent, commission upon all postage-stamps which they can sell under the law. The sewing-machine agent proposes to sell a one hundred-dollar Wheeler & Wilson machine for stamps which will cost

Affidavit by Goldsmith, the Banker, Charged with Aiding and Abetting Grover's Election by Fraud and Corruption.

San Francisco, August 3.—A Portland press dispatch states that during the course of investigation before the congressional committee, in the charges of corruption preferred against Senator Grover, frequent allusion was made by numerous witnesses to Goldsmith, a well known merchant and banker of this city. Statements were made which tended to implicate him as being connected the postmaster. The circular acknowledges that such proceedings would be irregular, and is forbidden by the postmaster-general, but that eminent legal authority had indorsed him (the agent); that it would not be illegal, and that postmasters would do a shrewd thing to take the postmasters who have received these circulars have forwarded them to the department. Third-Assistant-Postmaster-General Hazen to-day sent one of them to the Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine company, asking if this action of their agent was authorized. This proceeding well serves to show the folly ceedings would be irregular, and is forbidden by the postmaster-general, but that eminent legal authority had indorsed him (the agent); that it would not be illegal, and that postmasters would do a shrewd thing to take the trade and keep it to themselves. Several of the postmasters who have received these circulars have forwarded them to the department. Third-Assistant-Postmaster-General Hazen to-day sent one of them to the Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine company, asking if this action of their agent was authorized. This proceeding well serves to show the folly of the acts of 1874 and 1876, allowing postmasters of the fourth class offices commissions on the sales of stamps. The postmaster-general, at the coming session of congress, will make the most earnest recommendation that this law be modified. It compels the government to pay sixty per cent, on a great many irregular transactions. The post-office officials insist that the system is not correct in principle, and that it is disadvantageous to the department. The old plan under which the stamps cancelled in the post-office represented the amount of business transacted, was much more equitable, and could not so easily be abused. Uncity. Statements were made which tended to implicate him as being connected with the corrupt scheme of securing Grover's election by money. The following is the affidavit Goldsmith made in New York, on July 12th, relative to the investigation then being held here. The official document was received here to-day and filed in the office of the secretary of state:

My name is Goldsmith; place of residence, Portland. I am here with my son, who is under medical treatment, and am therefore unable to proceed to Oregon to give verbal testimony in the examination now pending before the congressional committee in relation to the election of under which the stamps cancelled in the postoffice represented the amount of business
transacted, was much more equitable, and
could not so easily be abused. Under that plan the postmasters were
required to render a sworn statement of the amounts of stamps cancelled for
a fixed period, and the sale of stamps shown in
quarterly account current operated as a check
upon these statements. Under the present
system there is nothing in a postmaster's returns to detect improper sales. Stamps can
be furnished him to the extent justified by
his bond, and all that is required of him is to
account for the proceeds. He is not obliged
to state, under oath or otherwise, in what
manner or to whom he disposed of them.
The only check upon him is the fear of removal in case he sells a quantity of stamps
disproportionate to the natural amount of the
business of his office. Under the present law
the sales of an office must reach one thousand
two hundred fdollars per annum before the
commissions falls below fifty per cent. Postmasters, too, when getting up club subscriptions for newspapers and periodicals, and

sand, worth eighty thousand dollars. In as to the Sioux tribes, with a declaration of Minnesota seven million feet of logs, board measure, have already been seized. In the Smith says he wants to do everything to cobottoms on the Mississippi and St. Croix rivers were at least fifty thousand dollars worth.

Other lots will be seized as they come down. It is the purpose of the government to make a compromise with the men who have cut it • The composition of the army. Smith says he wants to do everything to composition and aid the composition of the lots will be seized as they come down. It is the purpose of the government to make a compromise with the men who have cut it • The composition of the army. Smith says he wants to do everything to composition and aid the composition of the says he wants to do everything to composition and aid the composition of the says he wants to do everything to composition and aid the composition of the says he wants to do everything to composition and aid the composition of the says he wants to do everything to composition are supposed to adopt this policity. The added, "because we have to ask and a composition of the army in keeping the Indians in a peaceful condition. "I am obliged to adopt this policity," he added, "because we have to ask and a composition of the army."

logs, without getting their full value, and if the courts do not throw obstacles in the way, it is expected that they will be sold at the regular market price, and the money will be turned into the treasury. If this movement is successful, the government will not only have received more money for logs cut on public lands during the last senson than during twenty years before that, but will have done much to stop deptedations in the future.

Congress will probably be asked at its next session to modify the laws relating to the sale of pine lands. Such lands can now be acquired only by pre-emption, or under the homestead laws, except by the location of certain kinds of scrip; but pre-emption or settlement under the homestead laws is utterly impossible. No man can make a farm out of pine lands, and to gain legal presession of them he must swear to a lie. This prevents the occupation of any of the lands except by unprincipled persons, who are willing to resort to evasion to secure them. The change that has been talked of is to have the lands properly appraised and sold at a fair price. The pine lands of Minnesota are change that has been talked of is to have the lands properly appraised and sold at a fair price. The pine lands of Minnesota are worth on an average from ten to thirty dollars per acre, and it is held that there is no reason why they should not be sold at those rates. The clandestine cutting of timber on government lands injures them far more than the mere value of the timber cut off, because lumbermen dislike to buy lands from which the best trees have been cut, and are willing to pay a much less proportional price. to pay a much less proportional price.

Washington, August 3.—The comptroller of the currency has declared a dividend of fifteen per cent. In favor of the creditors of the National bank of the State of Missouri, at St. Louis, and a second dividend of ten per cent. for the creditors of the First national bank of Duluth. The dividends are payable as soon as the necessary schedules can be prepared.

The total amount of United States bonds held as security for the circulating notes of national banks is \$337,528,100.

The secretary of the treasury to-day issued the fifty-fourth call for the redemption of ten millions of 5 20 bonds of 1865, seven million coupons and three million in registered bonds, as follows: Coupons—\$50, Nos. 40,001 to 44,000; \$100, Nos. 68,001 to 76,000; \$100, Nos. 55,001 to 96,000. Registered bonds—\$50, Nos. 14,001 to 1600; \$100, Nos. 11,001 to 13,100; \$500, Nos. 7751 to 8390; \$1000, Nos. 55,001 to 96,000. Registered bonds—\$50, Nos. 14,001 to 1600; \$100, Nos. 11,001 to 13,100; \$500, Nos. 7751 to 8390; \$1000, Nos. 55,001 to 96,000. Registered bonds—\$50, Nos. 14,001 to 1600; \$100, Nos. 11,001 to 13,100; \$500, Nos. 7751 to 8390; \$1000, Nos. 55,001 to 96,000. Registered bonds—\$50, Nos. 14,001 to 1600; \$100, Nos. 11,001 to 13,100; \$100, Nos. NEW MINISTER TO BRAZIL. New York Tribune.]

advisement by the President, and possibly may not be decided for some time. It is be-lieved that the ultimate decision will be fa-vorable to the applications of Senators Mor-gan, of Alabama, and Jones, of Florida. THE TEXAS PACIFIC.

Washington, July 31.—Copies of resolutions in favor of the Texas Pacific subsidy passed unanimously by the Arkansas Press association have been received here. The cry for this subsidy has been taken up with refor this subsidy has been taken up with renewed vigor since the late disturbances, and its advocates are much more confident than they have been at any time since the adjournment of congress. It is understood that the Arkaneas press resolutions are the foregument of similar combined movements in other parts of the south. Despite the troubles in Pennsylvania Colonel Scott's time has not been so much occupied but he has found the opportunity to put in big licks for the Texas Pacific subsidy at various points. It is proposed to have ready by the time of the neeting of congress petitions signed by any number of millions of workingmen asking the passage of the subsidy, besides countless resolutions from associations, corporations, etc.

ssociations, corporations, etc. ALL GAMMON.

commissions falls below fifty per cent. Post-masters, too, when getting up club subscriptions for newspapers and periodicals, and using stamps for payment, as they often do, have the double advantage of receiving a commission from the publisher and one from the government. A comparison of the compensation of fifty offices for two years under the old law and for two years under the old law and for two years under the new shows an average increase of compensation under the new for each office of one thousand and thirty eight dollars, or four-twenty-eight per cent.

PINE LAND DEPREDATIONS.

New York Tribune.1

WASHINGTON, July 31.—In 1855, when Thomas A. Hendricks was commissioner of the general land office, a circular was issued directing the registers and receivers of public

WASHINGTON, July 31.—In 1850, when Thomas A. Hendricks was commissioner of the general land office, a circular was issued directing the registers and receivers of public directing the registers and receivers of public the general land office, a circular was issued directing the registers and receivers of public the third of Sitting-Bull, to be augmented with an immense contingency from the fifteen thousand to look after the timber belonging to the United States, to prevent depredations between the force under Joseph with that of Sitting-Bull, by one of the Colon pass, the total receipts of the government from this source have been ny openly protected. In twenty years in the total receipts of the government from this source have been only one hundred and fifty the thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have amounted to fifty thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have amounted to fifty thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have amounted to fifty thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have amounted to fifty thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have amounted to fifty thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have a mounted to fifty thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have amounted to fifty thousand dollars, while the expenses of collecting have a mounted to fifty thousand dollars and the public lands have generally made their own the foliar property protection of the control of the public lands have generally made and the control of the camb driven back and prevented from doing this much, future that the foliar property protection of the camb driven back and prevented from doing this much, future the public lands have generally made and the foliar property property property property property property provided the public lands have generally made the country that the source have an appeal of the control of the control of the p

Letter of Acceptance from Hon. R. M Bishop, Democratic Nominee for Governor-A Business-Like Document.

The Question of Labor and Capital Must be Adjusted Upon an Equitable Basis to Restore Confidence to Onr Industrial Pursuits.

COLUMBUS, August 3.—The following is the letter of acceptance of R. M. Bishop, the Democratic candidate for governor of Ohio: CINCINNATI, August 2, 1877. ions, J. H. Benson, Jno. G. Thompson, H. E. O'Ha gan, Committee: Gentlemen—Your official communication

GENTLEMEN—Your official communication of July 27th, informing me of my nomination for the office of governor, by the Democratic State convention, is at hand. I appreciate the high honor conferred by the Democracy of Ohio, and while keenly alive to the great responsibilities I assume, I trust, if elected, to be able, under Providence, to discharge, fifthfolly and investibility the duties of the ed, to be able, under Providence, to discharge, faithfully and impartially, the duties of the position. It is sufficient for me to say that the principles adopted by the convention have my cordial indorsement. They are wise and patriotic, and, if properly executed in the administration of the government, will greatly tend to restore confidence and prosperity to the country. We are now passing through a crisis in our commercial, if not national, existence. Capital and labor are seeking to adjust their respective rights. This adjustment will require the most thoughtful consideration and deliberate action. In so far as it may depend in any degree upon the action of our State government, I would certainly do my utmost to effect it on terms beneficial alike to the laborer and capitalist. The times call to the laborer and capitalist. The times call to the laborer and capitalist. The times call for the most discreet management and economical administration of public affairs, the mere assertion of principles will not meet the emergency. They must be vitalized and energized, so as to restore confidence to our financial, commercial and industrial pursuits. If called by the people to the head of the administration of affairs in this State, I shall endeavor, by a conscientious discharge of my duty, and a careful guarding of the interests of the public, to merit the respect and commendation of the people, irrespective of parmendation of the people, irrespective of party. Respectfully yours, R. M. BISHOP.

DRIBLETS

From the Scenes of the Strikers' Operations-Obstructions being Placed upon the Track and the Wires Being Cut.

Prisoners Sentenced-Inquest upon the Victims of the Riots - Attempts at Incendiarism-Trains Moving with Difficulty.

MAUCH CHUNK, August 3.—No freight-trains were moved on the Lehigh Valley railroad, except on the main line from Pena Ha-ven to Easton and the branches. Considera-

Central, but no other trains started. Cairo.

A SICKLY EFFORT ON THE LEVEE. Cairo, August 3.—A number of levec ne-groes attempted last night to prevent hands from coaling the towboat Norton, and as-sailed them with a shower of stones. Mr. Anderson, the plucky mate, put them to flight by a few shots from his revolver, and the coaling proceeded without further inter-

Indianapolis.

SENTENCED TO THREE MONTHS IMPRISON-MENT. INDIANAPOLIS, August 3 .- In the United States court this afternoon, Judge Drummond sentenced the strikers arrested here, and at Vincennes and Terre Haute, for interfering with the operation of roads in possession the court, to three months each in the county jail. Sayre, the secretary of the Firemen's Brotherhood, was discharged.

ATTEMPT AT INCENDIARISM. HAZLETON, August 3.—An attempt was made last night to burn the Lehigh Valley railroad freight depot here, but the fire was discovered before it made much headway and extinguished. The police force has been strengthened, and precautions taken to guard against a repetition of last night's incendiary attempt. Although the Hazleton miners resumed operations this morning, the miners sumed operations this morning, the miners in outlying collieries are reported restless and dissatisfied.

New York.

THINGS NOT YET QUIET. NEW YORK, August 3.—According to the ispatches received by the president of the elaware, Lacka wanna and Bloomsburg railroad, they get trains through by guarding each one with troops. Obstructions are put on the track and the wires cut at night. Things are not yet quiet at Plymouth. The wires are cut at that place, so we can get nothing from there this morning. Some four thousand troops are here and along the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg railroad.

CLEVELAND, August 3.—The Lake Shore freight house men resumed work this morning. The only class of employes now out are the shopmen, about half of whom have already signified their readiness to go to work to-morrow morning. Freight-trains were sent out from Collinwood this morning. There was no disturbance. By to-morrow noon freights on the Lake Shore will be running regularly. The Cleveland and Pittsburg company started their freight-trains at ten o'clock last night, and are now running them on regular time. RESUMED WORK. them on regular time.

TRAINS MOVING WITH DIFFICULTY.
WILKESBARRE. August 3.—General Heidkoper's command came into Wilkesbarre this
afternoon by the Valley road, from Pittston. Four companies were sent to Fairview and brought a freight-train in which had been stopped by the strikers. The mail-train south, which was abandoned here Wednesday, was taken out to-day. The engine and twelve cars were filled with soldiers. The strikers who assisted in stopping the mail-train on Wednesday, were arrested to-day.

armory sufficiently large to protect the as-sembing of soldiers from assaults, which forced them to use their weapons in self-

INDIA.

The Crop Prospect Improving, but Still Far from Satisfactory-Telegram from the Viceroy.

London, July 31.—An official telegram from the viceroy of India, dated July 31st, gives a rather more favorable impression as to the famine prospects than previous reports He says that in Burmah the rain has been ufficient, and the condition of agriculture satisfactory. In Bengal some districts still want rain, but general appreheusions are removed. In the northwest provinces, and in Oudh, the drouth causes anxiety, but there is still time for an average harvest. In the Rajoputana rain is wanted in parts, but the property is fair. In Assem, the central Rajoputana rain is wanted in parts, but the prospect is fair. In Assam, the central provinces, and Berar, the prospects are quite satisfactory. In Bombay there is a total absence of rain. The condition of Gujerat causes anxiety. There has been a heavy fall of rain in Concan; two inches and a half have fallen in Sholapur, and good showers are reported in eastern Bombay. In the Decean agriculture is going on, but prices are very high. The rain-fall on the western coast is at present very small for the season. The Nizam's territory is much distressed; there has been no rain for a month, but two inches have just fallen in Mysore and Corg.

ance may save a portion of the crops, but the harvest is at best indifferent. CUSTER.

Imposing Ceremonies Attending the Interment of the Remains of the Gallant Soldier at Fort

inches have just fallen in Mysore and Corg. More rain is needed to save the young crops.

In Madras there have been fair showers in all

the distressed districts, except Nellore and Kurnool. In Cuddapagh and Bellary the fall has been considerable, and its continu-

LEAVENWORTH, Ks., August 3.—Yester-day afternoon the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad brought the remains of Cap-tains Yates and Custer, and Lieutenants M'-Intosh, Smith and Calhoun, to Fort Leavenworth. The bodies were placed in the poschapel, and a guard of honor was stationed, and remained during the night. This mor-ing a large number of people visited the chapel and viewed the caskets containing the remains of the honored dead. The following eadquarters yesterday afternoon, in honor t

DEE HEADQUARTERS DEPT. OF MISSOURI. ASSISTANT ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE.
FORT LEAVENWORTH. August 2. special Order No. 140:

The bodies of Captains S. W. Yates and T. W. Custer, First-Lieutenants A. E. Smith, Donald M'Intosh and Joseph Calhoun, late of the Seventh cavalry, who gloriously fell in conflict with bostile Indians in the battle of the Little Big Horn, having been brought to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, will be reinterred in the National comparers at that raint with in the National cemetery at that point with appropriate military honors by the garrison of the post, at five o'clock to-morrow. Captain C. F. Ilsley, of the Seventh cavalry, A. D. C., will act as marshal of the procession.

BRIGADIER GENERAL POPE.

E. R. PLATT, Assistant Adjutant-General. In accordance with this order the funer took place to-day at the post chapel, Rev. John Woart officiating. Mrs. Captain Yates, Mrs. Lieutenant Calboun and Smith (Mrs. Calboun is a sister of Colonel Custer and Captain Custer), Mrs. General Sherman, General and Mrs. John Pope, General and Mrs. J Mrs. Saxton, and many other distinguish persons were present. The procession was formed and the remains were taken to the cemetery, about one mile distant, upon artillery caissons, each caisson being drawn by two horses. Following each caisson was a orse caparisoned in mourning, and led by cavalry soldier, according to the customs of funeral ceremonies for officers in the cavalry service. During the march to the cemetery minute-guns were fired, and the flags lowered

to half mast. The procession was formed in Band of the Twenty-third United States Infantry.
Two companies of the Twenty-third Infantry, commanded by Captain Haskell.
Clergy and Surgeons.
Remains on five artillery catseons, accompanied by the Pall-Bearers.
Mourners, including members of the former command of the deceased.
Distinguished Persons.
Citizens and Friends of Deceased.
The following officers acted as pull-heavers:

Citizens and Friends of Deceased.

The following officers acted as pall-bearers:
General R. Saxton, Colonel E. R. Platte,
Colonel G. Perin, Major J. P. Wright, Major
J. E. Fryer, Colonel D. G. Swain, Captain G.
A. Hull, Colonel C. H. Hoyt, Colonel A. P.
Blount and Captain A. L. Varney. Arriving
at the cemetery, the Episcopal service was
read, and a salute of three volleys was fixed
over the graves. The ceremonies were very
imposing. All the arrangements were complete, and were carried out in perfect order.
It is estimated that there were nearly three
hundred carriages in line, reaching almost
from the chapel to the cemetery. All our leading
citizens were present. The fact that the lamented dead had lived at garrison, and were
well known and honored by our people, created an intense feeling of sympathy among
the entire community. Five of the bravest
officers in the army have thus been tenderly
placed within their final resting place in the
beautiful Leavenworth cemetery, with all the beautiful Leavenworth cemetery, with all the honors due to men of noble and daring deeds, and their memory is cherished by every pa-triot in the land.

DIED. COVART—August 3, 1877, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the residence of Mr. Thomas Walsh, on the Raleigh road, Miss Ann E. Covart, in the 62d year of herage. The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Walsh are invited to attend her funeral, a the above place, this (SATURDAY) morning, Augus

THE officers and members of Memphis Degree Lodge No. 3, I. O. O.
F., are requested to meet at their hall
this (SATURDAY) evening, August 4th,
at 8 o'clock, for work in the degrees. All transient
brothers are fraternally invited.
By order C. M. CARROLL, Degree Master.
T. P. HOLLAND, Secretary.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION. THE partnership heretofore existing between James S. Day, William P. Proudfit and R. A. Spicer, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, R. A. Spicer retiring. The business will be continued by James S. Day and William P. Proudfit, under the firm and style of Day & Proudfit, as heretofore, Memphis, Teon., August 1, 1877.

Gins.

Marbleized Iron Mantels, of the latest designs, and Grates, at low prices.



Also, the Brecher Patent Folding and Dumping Grate, in economy of fuel and utility, being without rival. H. WETTER & CO. UNDERTAKERS.

W. H. HOLST. G. H. HOLST & BRO.

An Era of Good Times MONEY FOR EVERYBODY.

OVER \$300.000! IN CURRENCY DISTRIBUTED.

GRAND CAPITAL PRIZES OF

\$60,000, \$25,000, \$15,000, \$10,000 ! SECOND GRAND DRAWING

KENTUCKY Cash Distribution Co.

In the City of Louisville, Ky.,

Thursday, August 30. Or Money Returned in Full.

AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE: SUSTAINED BY THE COURTS!

ARMERS AND DROVERS BANK. Louisville, Ky., Depository. LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Prize of.
2 Prizes of \$5000 each.
5 Prizes of \$5000 each.
20 Prizes of \$1000 each.
40 Prizes of \$500 each.
100 Prizes of \$200 each.
100 Prizes of \$200 each.
500 Prizes of \$100 cach.
5000 Prizes of \$100 each.
6000 Prizes of \$100 each. 6972 Cash Prizes, amounting to. 8310,000

Whole Tickets, \$10; Halves, \$5; Quarters, \$2 50; 11 Tickets, \$100; 3315 Tickets, \$300; 565; Tickets, \$300; Semittances can be made by Mall, Express, Draft, Postoffice Money-Order or Registered Letter, made payable to G. W. Barrow & Co.

Rellable agents wanted everywhere. Send referpayable to G. W. Barrow & Co.

Reliable agents wanted everywhere. Send references, with application, to prevent delay.

G. W. BARROW & CO., Ge. I Managers,
Courler-Journal Building, Louisville, Ky.,
Or to No. 6 West Court street, Memphis, Tenn.

Send for a Circular.

NOTICE.

HE regular monthly meeting of the Memphis

1. Building and Savings Association will be held
MONDAY, August 6th, at 8 p.m., room No. 41 Madison-street (basement). Parties desiring to borrow
money on real estate can secure shares in the fifth
series, now open.

S. STURM, Secretary. 13 Of superior ENGLISH manufacture, and justly celebrated for Elastic-Durability and Evenness of Point.

THE SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS

"." Varieties suited to every style of writing. For sale by the Trade gener-ally. A Sample Card, containing one each of the Fifteen Numbers, by mail. on receipt of 25 cents. IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO. 138 and 140 Grand St., New York.



On account of the non-arrival of a part of our Fixtures, we will not remove to our new house for a few days, of which due notice will be given.

OLIVER, FINNIE & CO.

SACKS and SACKING

For Cotton-Pickers. 5000 YARDS "Planters' Seamless Sacking," for cotton-sacks, meal-bags, etc., in bolts of about twenty-six yards. 5000 reads-made Seamless Sacks, 3, 4½ and 6 feet in length, for cotton-pickers, all complete with shoulder-straps, etc.

These goods are extra-heavy, and have been found admirably adapted to the purposes intended. For sale cheap by WORMELRY & GOODMAN.

338 Front street.

B. MORRISON. MORRISON & HUMES. Druggists,

215 MAIN STREET, formerly occupied by C. MONEY TO LOAN. STOCK FOR SALE. NO BACK DUES, Fourth Series. New Series of Shares can be had at present in The Bluff City Building and Loan Association,
which is firmly established and very successful. Now in its second year. Six per cent. Interest allowed on advance payments. Withdrawals on one month's notice after one year's payment is made. Stated meetings are held on the third Monday of every month, at 8 p.m. Large amount of moneys loaned out on real estate at every meeting.

**TO office, 41 Madison street, basement.
G. H. JUDAH, President.
S. STURM, Secretary.

S. STURM. Secretary. SUMMER RESORTS.

BON AQUA SPRINGS

A RE now open for visitors, and will be until late in September. Board, per month, \$35; per day, \$2. *Special rates for families. Visitors leave the cars at Bon Aqua Station, on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, where hacks are always writing to receive them. Call for circulars at W. H. Senbrook & Co.'s Drug Store, No. 335 Main street. Address Russell & Winbourn. Bon Aqua Springs.

W. R. RUSSELL.

J. R. WINBOURN, Managers.

The Hygeia Hotel, OLD POINT COMFORT, VIRGINIA. SITUATED within 100 yarde of old Fort Monroe
Open all the year. Special attractions for summer, with ample capacity for 500 guests. Has all
modern improvements. Six daily mails, and telegraph office. Fifteen to twenty first-class steamers
land daily (except Sunday), 150 yards from the door.
Superior beach for bathing at door-steps, and good
from May until November. Boating, fishing and
driving specially attractive. Send for circular descriting hygienic advantages, terms, etc.

my6

H. PHOEBGS, Proprietor.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE CRESSON SPRINGS, PA.

THIS popular summer resort will be open for the reception of guests on the 14th day of June, 1877. All trains on the Penn. R. R. will stop at Cresson. TOERGE'S ONCHESTRA has been engaged for the season. Fishing and Hunting, etc. For terms, address E. J. UNGER, Sup't, Pittsburg, Pa.

BAILEY SPRINGS, Lauderdale County, Alabama,

UNDERTAKERS,

SEO Main, opp. Peabody Hotel.

A LWAYS on h nd, a large assortment of Metallic Acases and Casketa, and Wooden Comins, of every description.

The waters of these Springs are a specific in Dropsies, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhea, diseases of Liver, Skin and Kidners, and those peculiar to women. Aside from the curative properties of the waters, the place is one of the most comfortable watering places in the South, with all the popular amusements, and fine hunting and fishing. Route via M. and C. R. R. to Florence, thence by carriages to Springs. Tickets from Memphis to Springs and return, including stage fare, good until November 1st, \$12 50. Inquire for round-trip tickets at all company stations on the M. and C. R. R. For circular and further information address.

For circular and further information address.

ELLIS & CO., Proprietors.